

eVet Diagnostics

a Division of Veterinary Multi-Imaging, PLLC tel: 607 533 7512 fax: 607 533 7649

Report for case 350574

Client:

Organization: Email:

Phone / fax:

Owner: Practitioner: Patient:

Species/Breed:

Age: Gender:

Submitted Date: Completed Date:

Bridgeview Animal Hospital

drmikegraves@sbcglobal.net 3178413315 / 317-284-0528

Vestal, Kendra Dr. Mike Graves

Thor's Hammer Dog:

18 Months

male

7/20/2016 3:20:44PM 7/21/2016 11:11:19AM

Comments: Radiographic changes to suggest elbow or hip dysplasia are not present. Based on the hip extended view the coxofemoral joints would be rated as good in conformation. Radiographs obtained at two years of age will need to be evaluated to completely exclude elbow and hip dysplasia.

Consulting Radiologist:

Kent Wallace, DVM, Ms, DACVR kwallace@twcny.rr.com,

Powered by DMMD.NET Page 2 of 2



Report for case 350574

Client:

Organization:

Email:

Phone / fax:

Owner:

Practitioner:

Patient:

Species/Breed:

Age:

Gender:

Submitted Date: Completed Date:

Bridgeview Animal Hospital

drmikegraves@sbcglobal.net

3178413315 / 317-284-0528

Vestal, Kendra

Dr. Mike Graves

Thor's Hammer

Dog:

18 Months

male

7/20/2016 3:20:44PM

7/21/2016 11:11:19AM

Case status:

Completed

Case notes:

Routine Penn Hip

The report:

350574 KW/lb

Eight digitalized radiographic images containing projections of the pelvis and elbows were submitted for evaluation. The radiographs are dated 07/20/16.

Radiographic Findings:

An endotracheal tube was identified in place.

On the hip extended view both femoral heads are located in their respective acetabula and are congruous with the acetabula rims.

Greater than 50% of the femoral heads are located medial to the dorsal acetabular rims.

No osteophyte formation is present on the femoral necks or acetabula.

On the distracted views both femoral heads remain in their respective acetabula with approximately 50% of the right femoral head and 30% of the left femoral head located medial to the dorsal acetabular rims.

Muscle volume in both hind legs is within normal limits.

Alignment of the patellae with the femurs is normal.

The anconeal process of both ulnae and proximocranial aspect of both radii are smooth with no evidence of osteophyte formation.

No sclerosis is associated with the ulnar notches.

Both medial coronoid processes are smooth in contour and a fragment associated with the medial coronoid processes is not identified.

The articular surface of both humeral heads is smooth in contour with no changes to suggest an osteochondral lesion.

Radiologic Diagnosis: Normal pelvis and elbows.